

UL'YANOV, S. A.

The Committee on Stalin Prizes (of the Council of Ministers USSR) in the fields of science and inventions announces that the following scientific works, popular scientific books, and textbooks have been submitted for competition for Stalin Prizes for the years 1952 and 1953. (Sovetskaya Kultura, Moscow, No. 22-40, 20 Feb - 3 Apr 1954)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title of Work</u>	<u>Nominated by</u>
<u>Ul'yanov, S. A.</u>	"Short Circuits in Electric Power Systems" (textbook, 4th edition*)	Moscow Power Engineering Institute imeni V. M. Molotov

SO: W-30604, 7 July 1954

KIRILLIN, V.A.; PANTYUSHIN, V.S.; SIROTINSKIY, L.I.; BEL'KIND, L.D.; FEDOSEYEV,
A.M.; UL'YANOV, S.A.; VENIKOV, V.A.; MARANCHAK, V.M.; ANISIMOVA, N.D.

Professor I.I.Solov'ev. Fiftieth anniversary of his birth. Elektrichestvo
(MLRA 6:10)
no.10:93 0 '53. (Solov'ev, Ivan Ivanovich, 1903-)

SHCHEDRIN, Nikoley Nikoleyevich; UL'YANOV, Sergey Aleksandrovich;
VORONTSOV, F.F., redaktor; VOHONIN, A.I., tekhnicheskij redaktor.

[Problems on the calculation of short circuits] Zadachi po raschetu
korotkikh zamykanii. Moskva, Gos. energ.izd-vo, 1955. 230 p.
(Short circuits) (MIRA 8:4)

UGORETS, I.I.; GLAZUNOV, A.A.; SYROMYATNIKOV, I.A.; KASHUNIN, I.S.; POSTNIKOV,
N.A.; RADTSIG, V.A.; ~~ILLYANOV, S.A.~~; GRUDINSKIY, P.G.; VASIL'YEV, A.A.;
KUVSHINSKIY, N.N.; BAPTIDANOV, L.N.; TARASOV, V.I.; KRIKUNCHIK, A.B.;
SHAPIRO, A.B.; BIBIKOV, V.V.; DVOSHIN, L.I.; KLINGOF, I.D.; KARPOV,
M.M.; USPENSKIY, B.S.; CHALIDZE, I.M.; BLOCH, Ya.A.; SHMOTKIN, I.S.

Iesif IAkovlevich Gumin; obituary. Elek.sta.26 no.12:58 D '55.
(Gumin, Iesif IAkovlevich, 1890-1955) (MIRA 9:4)

UL'YANOV, S.A.

X VINTER, A.V.; NEKRASOV, A.M.; SYROMYATNIKOV, I.A.; VOZNESENSKIY, A.N.;
VASILENKO, P.I.; LAUPMAN, P.P.; TERMAN, I.A.; VINOGRADOV, N.P.;
ANTOSHIN, N.H.; ALEKSANDROV, B.K.; USPENSKIY, B.S.; KLASSON, I.R.;
KHEYFITS, M.E.; DRUTSKIY, V.F.; KHACHKOVSKIY, N.N.; POPOV, P.A.;
CHELIDZE, I.M.; FILARETOV, S.N.; KOZLOV, M.D.; BERLIN, V.Ya.;
SARADZHEV, A.Kh.; GORDZIYEVICH, I.S.; PAK, V.P.; DORFMAN, S.M.;
DUBINSKIY, L.A.; UL'YANOV, S.A.; GRUDINSKIY, P.G.; KUVSHINSKIY, N.N.;
ERMOLENKO, V.M.

Mikhail Mikhailovich Karpov. Elek.sta. 27 no.10:62 o '56. (MLRA 9:12)
(Karpov, Mikhail Mikhailovich, d.1956)

UL'YANOV
SOKOLOV, N.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; MEDVEDEV, B.P., kandidat
tekhnicheskikh nauk; UL'YANOV, S.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

"Operation of asynchronous electric motors" by I.A.Syromiatnikov.
Reviewed by N.I.Sokolov, B.P.Medvedev, S.A.Ul'ianov. Elektriches-
vo no.1:95-96 Ja '57. (ИЛРА 10:2)

1. Kafedra "Elektricheskiye stantsii "Moskovskogo Energeticheskogo
instituta im.Molotova.
(Electric motors, Induction) (Syromiatnikov, I.A.)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1

NEYMAN, L.R.; POLIVANOV, K.M.; ZHEKULIN, L.A.; GONOROVSKIY, I.S.; SOLOV'YEV,
I.I.; TSYPKIN, Ya.Z.; GAVRILOV, M.A.; UL'YANOV, S.A.; LAVROV, V.M.

Professor G.I. Atabekov; on his 50th birthday. Elektrичество no.7:
93 Jl '58. (MIRA 11:8)
(Atabekov, Grigorii Iosifovich, 1908-)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1"

CHILIKIN, M.G.; SIROTINSKIY, I.I.; VENIKOV, V.A. (UL'YANOV, S.A.);
GRUDINSKIY, P.G.; FEDOSEYEV, A.M.; SOLOV'IEV, I.I.; DROZDOV, N.G.;
SYROMYATNIKOV, I.A.

Aleksandr Aleksandrovich Glazunov; obituary. Elektrичество
no.8:88-89 Ag '60. (MIRA 13:8)
(Glazunov, Aleksandr Aleksandrovich, 1891-1960)

SYROMYATNIKOV, I.A.; NEKRASOV, A.M.; LEBEDEV, A.A.; KOSTENKO, M.P.;
NEYMAN, L.R.; VASIL'YEV, D.V.; KAMENSKIY, M.D.; Usov, S.V.;
POSSE, A.V.; UL'YANOV, S.A.; FAZYLOV, Kh.F.

Professor N.N. Shchedrin; on his seventieth birthday and fortieth
anniversary of his educational work. Elektrичество no.1:94-
95 Ja '62. (MIRA 14:12)

(Shchedrin, Nikolai Nikolaevich, 1891-)

BEL'KIND, L.D.; VENIKOV, V.A.; GLAZUNOV, A.A.; GRUDINSKIY, P.G.; ZHADIN, K.P.;
ZHEBROVSKIY, S.P.; LAPITSKIY, V.I.; NEKLYUDOV, B.K.; PAVLENKO, V.A.;
RAZEVIG, D.V.; ROSSIYEVSKIY, G.I.; SAFONOV, A.P.; SOKOLOV, N.I.;
SOLDATKINA, L.A.; TAYTS, A.A.; UL'YANOV, S.A.; FEDOSEYEV, A.M.;
KHEYSTER, V.V.

Boris Arkad'evich Teleshev; on his 70th birthday and the 45th
anniversary of his engineering and educational work. Elektri-
chestvo no.9:91 S '64. (MIRA 17:10)

UL'YANOV, Sergey Aleksandrovich; MARKOVICH, I.M., doktor tekhn.
nauk, prof., retsenzent; KRYUCHKOV, I.P., kand. tekhn.
nauk, red.

[Electromagnetic transients in electrical systems] Elektro-
magnitnye perekhodye protsessy v elektricheskikh sistemakh.
Moskva, Energiia, 1964. 703 p. (MIRA 18:2)

13

L 2968-66 EWT(d)/EWP(k)/EWP(l)
ACCESSION NR: AP5026355

UR/0105/64/000/009/0091/0091

AUTHOR: Bel'kind, L. D.; Venikov, V. A.; Glazunov, A. A.; Grudinskiy, P. G.;
Zhadin, K. P.; Zhebrovskiy, S. P.; Lapitskiy, V. I.; Neklyudov, B. K.; Pavlenko, V. A.
Razevig, D. V.; Rossiyevskiy, G. I.; Safonov, A. P.; Sokolov, N. I.; Soldatkina, L. A.
Tayts, A. A.; Ul'yanov, S. A.; Fedoseyev, A. M.; Khoyster, V. A.

TITLE: Professor B. A. Teleshov on this 70th birthday and the 45th anniversary
of his engineering, scientific, and teaching activity

SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 9, 1964, 91

TOPIC TAGS: electric engineering personnel

ABSTRACT: Boris Arkad'yevich Teleshov was seventy years old 12 March 1964.
He graduated from the electromechanical department of the Petrograd Poly-
technic Institute in 1917 and gained the title Electrical Engineer in 1920.
In the Union of Electric Power Stations of the Moskovskiy rayon, Teleshov
was one of the founders of the first dispatcher service of the Moscow
Power System, the chief dispatcher of this system, the manager of the high-
voltage networks of the Moscow Union, the chief engineer in construction of
the Moscow high-voltage network and of the high-voltage networks of the

Card 1/3

L 2968-66
ACCESSION NR: AP5026355

Moakovskiy rayon and the chief engineer in construction of the Bobrikovsk (now Novomoskovsk) hydroelectric station. In connection with the reorganization of construction in 1931, Teleshov was transferred to Energostroy, first as chief engineer of the Moscow division and then as deputy chief of the design administration of Energostroy (now Teploelektroproyekt). In 1934, Teleshov took the post of assistant director of the Scientific Section of the Power Engineering Institute imeni Krzhizhanovskiy of the Academy of Sciences USSR and worked as the immediate assistant to Academician G. M. Krzhizhanovskiy in directing the Institute until 1946. Starting in 1923, he did scientific research work first at the Moscow Institute of Mechanics im. Lomonosov and then at the Institute of National Economy im. Plekhanov. After the founding of the Moscow Power Engineering Institute in 1930, Teleshov transferred to that Institute and worked there until 1940. Here he was Lecturer of the Department of "Central Electric Stations" and a professor in the department. He received his professorship in 1933. He was Dean of the Electric Power Department of the Institute from 1932-1935. In 1940, Teleshov was made director of the Department of Electrical Engineering of the Moscow Institute of Fine Chemical Technology where he remained until 1955. In 1944 he took part in organising the Power Engineer-

Card 2/3

L 2968-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5026355

ing Department of the Moscow Institute of Engineering Economics im. S. Ordzhonikidze. From 1946 to the present, Teleshov has been director of the Department of "Electric Stations and Substations" and there have been two printings of his textbook on a course in "General Electrical Engineering." Teleshov has acted in a consultative capacity in plants for a great number of electrical stations and networks. He participated in the Government Consultation on the Dneper Hydroelectric station im. V. I. Lenin. He has been an active member of the Scientific and Technical Society of the Power Industry for more than 20 years. He was chairman of the Moscow board of the Society from 1944 to 1951. For his service to the Society, he has been made a permanent member. In 1950 he was elected deputy in the Moscow Council of Deputies of the Workers. He has been decorated with the Order of Lenin, the Order of the Red Banner of Labor and with medals.

Orig. art. has: 1 figure.

ASSOCIATIONS: none

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EE

MR REF Sov: 000

OTHER: 000

JPRS

ACC NR: AP7002308

SOURCE COM: Ul/0113/66/000/006/0128/0128

AUTHOR: Borchaninov, G. S.; Sokolov, N. I.; Vasil'yev, A. A.; Taranov, V. I.;
Grudinskiy, P. G.; Ul'yanov, S. A.; Kuvshinskiy, N. N.; Fedoseyev, A. M.

ORG: none

TITLE: L. N. Baptidanov (Deceased)

SOURCE: IVUZ. Energetika, no. 6, 1966, 128

TOPIC TAGS: electric engineering personnel, academic personnel

ABSTRACT: L. N. Baptidanov died January 13, 1966. His working life was primarily dedicated to training of electrical engineering specialists. Soon after graduating from the Electrical Industrial Faculty of the Moscow Institute of the National Economy, Baptidanov began teaching at the Moscow Power Technical School. In 1934, Baptidanov began teaching at the All Union Correspondence Industrial Institute, then in 1946 he shifted to the All Union Industrial Academy of Machine Building, where he worked in the chair of electrical power stations. He was responsible for the creation of a model electrical station in the electrical stations chair of the Moscow Power Institute. Baptidanov was also very active as an author, writing such works as "Industrial Enterprise Substations", "Electrical Equipment of Electrical Stations and Substations", etc. From 1943 to 1946, Baptidanov worked as the Scientific editor for Electrical engineering at the State Power Literature Publishing House. [JPRS: 37,564]

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1

PI'YANOV, G. D.

Sezonnaya dinarika genezikoza ovets v Alra - Atinskoy oblasti,
"Works on Helminthology" on the 75th Birthday of K. I. Skryabin Izdat, Akad.
Nauk, SSSR, 1953, page 710
Inst. Zoology, Acad. Sci, Kazakh SSR.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1"

USSR

Effectiveness of various methods of antichelmintization of sheep by phenothiazine. S. D. Ulyanov. Trudy Inst. Zool. Akad. Nauk Kazakh. SSR. I. Farmed. 24-4 (1953).—Phenothiazine (I) was fed to 5 groups of sheep in equal doses but at various intervals; group (a) was given I every day, the remaining groups were fed I for a certain no. of days and then taken off I for an equal no. of days, e.g.: (b) one day, (c) 2 days, (d) 3 days, (e) 7 days. The progress of each group was checked by counting the no. of strongyloid eggs present in the feces. The effect of I was found to be proportional to the frequency of feeding. The production of eggs was stopped completely only in groups a and b.

Lucy G. Merrill

UL'YANOV, S.D.

~~Effectiveness of different methods of postimaginal dehelminthization
of sheep with phenothiazine. Trudy Inst.zool. AN Kazakh.SSR 1:200-
204 '53. (Phenothiazine) (Nematoda) (Parasites--Sheep)~~

UL'YANOV, S.D.

Comparative evaluation of methods for treating sheep strongylosis
with phenothiazine. Trudy Inst.zool. Akad.Kazakh.SSR 3:121-139 '55.
(Nematoda) (Phenothiazine) (Parasites--Sheep)

UL'YANOV, S.D., kandidat veterinarnykh nauk.

UL'YANOV, SD Helminth control and avitellinosis and thysanosomosis in sheep. Veterinariia 34 no. 5:32-35 My '57. (MIRA 10:6)

1. Yuzhno-Kazakhstanskaya Nauchno-issledovatel'skaya veterinarnaya
opytnaya stantsiya.
(Tapeworms) (Sheep--Diseases and pests)

USSR / Diseases of Farm Animals. Diseases Caused by
Helminths. R-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1958, 7350

Author : S. D. Ul'yanov

Inst : Not Given

Title : Dehelminthising in "Avitellinoz" and "Tizaniyezioz"
of Sheep

Orig Pub: Veterinariya, 1957, No 5, 32-35

Abstract: Arsenite of lead, amino-atebrin, kamala, and
aterbrin were tested. Before the administration
of these preparations (to stimulate the closing
reflex of the alimentary canal opening), 2-2.5
milliliters of a 10 percent solution of CuSO₄ were
introduced. Before the vermifuge, the sheep were
deprived of water for 18 to 24 hours, without re-
stricting pasturage. Amino-atebrin proved most

Card 1/2

USSR / Diseases of Farm Animals. Diseases Caused by
Helminths. R-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., № 2, 1958, 7350

Abstract: effective, in a dose of 0.15 and 0.1 gram per kilogram (In "avitellinoz" the extent of the effectiveness was 60 to 71 percent, while the intensity of effectiveness was 74 to 83 correspondingly in "tizaniyezioz", 73-75 and 85 to 89 percent). Arsenite of lead in a dose of 0.7 to 1 gram per sheep also proved to be effective (effectiveness in "avitellinoz" 66 percent, in "tizaniyezioz" 81 to 89 percent).

Card 2/2

40

USSR / Diseases of Farm Animals. Diseases Caused by
Bacteria and Fungi

R

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biologiya, No 16, 1958, 74200

Author : Len'kov, V. I., Ul'yanov, S. D., Sakhalinskiy, D. S.,
Romanova, V. P., Bekchintayeva, R. S., Volkov, A. P.

Inst : Kazakhstan Scientific-Research Veterinary
Institute

Title : On the Role of Ceratocphalus in Spring Death of
Sheep in Southern Kazakhstan

Orig Pub: Tr. Kazakhsk. n.-i. vet. in-ta, 1957, 9, 319-323

Abstract: The authors' investigations show that ceratocephalus
is not the cause of a disease in the sheep investi-
gated in southern Kazakhstan in the spring period
and which proceeds with characteristics of infec-

Card 1/2

USSR / Diseases of Farm Animals. Diseases Causes by
Bacteria and Fungi

R

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biologiya, No 16, 1958, 74200

tious enterotoxemia.

Card 2/2

10

UL'YANOV, S.D.

Helminthic fauna and the rate of helminth infestations in sheep of
the Kastek State Sheep Farm in Alma-Ata Province. Trudy Inst. zool.
AN Kazakh. SSR 9:69-84 '58. (MIRA 11:7)
(Kastek region--Worms, Intestinal and parasitic)
(Parasites--Sheep)

USSR / Zooparasitology - Helminths.

C-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 18, 1958, No. 81730

Author : Ulyanov, S. D.

Inst : Kazakh. Scient.-Res. Veter. Inst.

Title : A Study of the Role of Wolves and Jackals in Dissemination
of Larval Cestodosis in Animals

Orig Pub : In wolves (5 specimens were dissected) and jackals (8
specimens) in southern Kazakhstan considerable numbers of
Echinococcus granulosus, *Taenia hydatigena*, and *T.
pisiformis* were found, the larval stage of which
parasitizes in humans and domestic animals.

Card 1/1

COUNTRY : USSR R
CATEGORY : Diseases of Farm Animals. Diseases Caused
by Helminths
ABS. JOUR. : RZhBiol., No. 6 1959, No. 26006

AUTHOR : Ul'yanov, S. D.; Klimov, N. D.
INST. : Kazakh Scientific Research Veterinary Institute
TITLE : Effectiveness of Aminoquinacrine and Tin Arsenite
in Intestinal Cestodiases of Sheep

ORIG. PUB. : Tr. Kazakhsk. n.-i. vot. in-ta, 1957, 9, 469-474

ABSTRACT : Aminoquinacrine (I) and tin arsenite (II) were tried on sheep affected with anaplocephalatoses. I was introduced in doses of 0.05, 0.075 and 0.1 g/kg with simultaneous administration of Glauber salt in a full or half dose, respectively, without a cathartic; II was used in a dose of 0.5 g per head along with administration of the cathartic and without it. The best results were

CARD:

1/3

29

COUNTRY :	R
CATEGORY :	
ARS. JOUR. :	RZhBiol., No. 6 1959, No. 26006
AUTHOR :	
INST. :	
TITLE :	
ORIG. PUB. :	
ABSTRACT cont'd.	: obtained from I in doses of 0.075 and 0.1 g/kg; intensity effectiveness attained 73.7% in avitellinosis, 76.5 in thysaniziasis, and 92% in monieziasis. The cathartic increased the ant-helminthic effect of I. II without the cathartic exhibited rather low effectiveness, but with administration of the cathartic it increased. In avitellinosis, the intensity effectiveness amounted to 59.7%, in thysaniziasis 68.2%, and in monieziasis 73.7%. The authors recommend
CARD:	2/3

COUNTRY :
CATEGORY :

R

ABS. JOUR. : RZhBiol., No. 6 1959, No. 26006

AUTHOR :
INST. :
TITLE :

ORIG. PUB. :

ABSTRACT cont'd. : for dehelminthization of sheep in avitellinosis and thysanieziasis the use of I in a dose of 0.075-0.1 g/kg along with administration of cathartic salts.-- N. V. Demidov.

CARD: 3/3

30

UL'YANOV, S.D.

Seasonal and age dynamics of principal helminthiases of
sheep in southeastern Kazakhstan. Trudy Inst.zool. AN
Kazakh.SSR 12:120-136 '60. (MIRA 13:7)
(Alma-Ata Province—Worms, Intestinal and parasitic)
(Parasites--Sheep)

UL'YANOV, S.D.

Comparative effect of long continued administrations of phenothiazine
on male and female specimens of *Dictyocaulus*. Trudy Inst. zool.
AN Kazakh. SSR 14:69-70 '60. (MIRA 13:12)
(Nematoda) (Phenothiazine) (Parasites--Sheep)

UL'YANOV, S. N.

We utilize the vacuum cleaner for cleaning insulators in the
booth. Avtom., telem. i sviaz' 2 no.5:34 My '58. (MIRA 11:5)
(Railroads--Electric equipment--Maintenance and repair)

UL'YANOV, V.

Supplementary sources of budget income. Fin.SSSR 21 no.5:68-70
My '60. (MIRA 13:?)

1. Zaveduyushchiy Izmail'skim gorfinotdelom.
(Izmail—Budget)

UL'YANOV, V.; OLENDER, S.

Here they are, the hidden potentialities of increasing accumulations
and budget incomes. Fin. SSSR 22 no.9:76-80 S '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Glavnyy kontroler-revizor Kontrol'no-revizionnogo upravleniya
Ministerstva finansov Ukrainskoy SSR po Odesskoy oblasti (for
Ul'yanov). 2. Starshiy kontroler-revizor Kontrol'no-revizionnogo
upravleniya Ministerstva finansov Ukrainskoy SSR po Odesskoy oblasti
(for Olander).

(Odessa Province--Capital)
(Odessa Province--Industrial management)

UL'YANOV, V.

We are mobilizing a supplementary income. Fin. SSSR 37 no.8;
(MIRA 16:9)
62-64 Ag '63.

1. Zaveduyushchiy Odesskim promyshlennym oblastnym finansovym
otdelom.
(Black Sea Economic Region---Auditing and inspection)

VASIL'YEVA, N.; KAZ'MIN, N.; UL'YANOV, V.

Resolutions of Women's Councils. Pozh.delo 8 no.3:6-7 Mr '62.
(MIRA 15:4)
(Tambov Province—Women in public life) (Fire prevention)

UL'YANOV, V. (Leningrad)

At the "Lenin" Plant. Pozh.delo 8 no.4:14 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:4)
(Leningrad--Machinery industry--Fires and fire prevention.)

UL'YANOV, V., inzh.po tekhnike bezopasnosti

Device for pressure testing of drilling strings. Neftianik
7 no.6:24 Je '62. (MIRA 15:8)
(Oil well drilling--Equipment and supplies)

UL'YANOV, V.A.

SUKHODOL'SKAYA, Ye.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; UL'YANOV, V.A.,
kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, retsenzent; MOSKOV, B.A., Kandidat
tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; HUDENSKIY, Ya. , redaktor

[Materials for piston rings] Materialy poroshnevych kolets. Kiev,
Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashinostroit. i sudostroit. lit-ry,
1953. 127 p. (MIRA 7:8)

(Piston rings) (Cast iron)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1

UL'YANOV, V. A.

"Surface Alloying as a Means of Increasing the Wear Resistance of Cast Parts." From the book, "Heat Treatment and Properties of Cast Steel." edited by N. S. Kreshchanovskiy, Mashgiz, Moscow 1955.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1"

UL'YANOV, V.A.; PIKUS, L.S.

Improving the quality of cast rapid steel. Metalloved. i term.
obr. met. no.11:41-42 N '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Ukrainskiy zaochnyy politekhnicheskiy institut i Khar'kovskiy
traktornyy zavod.

UL'YANOV, V. F.

23371 Za Ustokoreniye Oborazchivayemosti Oborotnykh Sredstv. Tekstil. Prom-st',
1949, No. 6, c. 2-3.

SO: LETOPIS NO. 31, 1949

UL'YANOV, V.F.; SOKOLOV, A.V.

Results of the Interrepublic Wholesale Trade Fair. Tekst. prom.
24 no.9:1-4 S '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Chlen Gosudarstvennogo komiteta Soveta Ministrov SSSR po
torgovle (for Ul'yanov). 2. Nachal'nik Upravleniya tekstil'nykh
tovarov Glavnogo upravleniya po mezhrespublikanskim postavkam
tovarov narodnogo potrebleniya, direktor Mezhrespublikanskoy
yarmarki po optovoy prodazhe (for Sokolov).

ACC NR: AP7001967

SOURCE CODE: UR/0120/66/000/006/0210/0211

AUTHOR: Vinogradov, M. I.; Ul'yanov, V. P.

ORG: none

TITLE: Vaporization of permalloy with an electron beam

SOURCE: Pribory i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 6, 1966, 210-211

TOPIC TAGS: permalloy, iron-nickel alloy, permalloy vaporization,
electron beam, vaporization, permalloy, vacuum, vapor deposition, metal vapor
deposition

ABSTRACT: Vapor deposition of permalloy in a (1-2) 10^{-5} torr.⁵ Vacuum in a laboratory unit equipped with an electron-beam vaporizer is described. An electron beam with 3 KW power vaporized a permalloy rod, 20 mm in diameter, at a rate of 1 g/min. The rate of condensation on the 50 x 50 mm² substrate, made of copper foil and located 200 mm from the beam focus, was found to be 1.5 μ /min. The yield of the condensate amounted to 2.5% of the vaporized metal. The nickel content in the condensates varied within 75.2-75.9%, which indicated that the alloy fractionation is insignificant. Apparently the intensive vaporization of alloy from a small area of the beam focus (7 x 0.7 mm) causes the removal of the volatile component (iron) from the surface layer. Thus, vaporizers with an electron beam can vaporize substantial quantities of

Card 1/2

UDC: 539.239

ACC NR: AP7001967

permalloy and can yield films with a composition varying within $\pm 0.2\%$.
Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 13, 11/ SUBM DATE: 29Nov65/ ORIG REF: 002/
OTH REF: 004

Card 2/2

L 15773-63

BDS

ACCESSION NR: AP3006695

8/0286/63/000/008/0054/0054

49

AUTHOR: Ul'yanov, V. I.; Smyslov, V. I.

TITLE: Electrodynamic vibrating stand, Class 42, No. 154072

SOURCE: Byul. izobreteniy i izobranykh znakov, no. 8, 1963, 54

TOPIC TAGS: electrodynamic vibrating stand, oscillating system, permanent magnet, armature coil, a-c generator, aerodynamic force, axial field oscillation amplitude, vibration test stand

ABSTRACT: The patent introduces a vibration test stand of the electrodynamic type (see Fig. 1 of Enclosure). The oscillating system of the stand contains a permanent magnet 1 and an armature coil 2 placed in the magnetic field of the permanent magnet; the coil is connected to an a-c generator and mounted on a vibrating bar 3 suspended on ball bearings 4. In order to increase the linear dependance of the mechanical force on the controlling current during the simulation of aerodynamic forces, the length of the armature coil winding is made shorter than the axial field of the homogeneous magnetic field by a magnitude equal to or greater than the oscillation amplitude.

Card 1/31

SUKHORUKOV, I.F.; UL'YANOV, V.I.; OSHCHIPOVA, N.V.

Determining the thermal expansion of petroleum cokes. Neftaper. i
neftekhim. no.9:20-22 '64. (NIRA 17:10)

ACC NR: AP6002532

SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/023/0037/0037

INVENTOR: Ul'yanov, V. I.; Sedov, V. Ye.; Podgayetskiy, V. V.

4311
B

ORG: none

TITLE: Gas-shielded arc welding and brazing method. Class 21, No. 176648.
[announced by the Electric Welding Institute im. Ye. O. Paton AN UkrSSR
(Institute electrosvazki AN UkrSSR)]

44,55

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 23, 1965, 37

TOPIC TAGS: welding, brazing, arc welding, gas shielded arc, arc brazing

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a method of gas-shielded arc welding and brazing which uses a combination of internal and external annular gas streams. To ensure uniform heating and melting of the metal and thus to improve the weld quality, the heat is carried by the internal gas stream. [ND]

SUB CODE: 13 / SUBM DATE: 10Dec64 / ATD PRESS: 4126

HW
Card 1/1UDC: 621.791.85
LCC: 621.791.753.9

LADOKHIN, S.V., inzh.; KHAN, B.Kh., kand.tekhn.nauk; UL'YANOV, V.L., kand.
tekhn.nauk

Causes of the chemical heterogeneity of melts for stone casting.
Stek. i ker. 22 no.3:7-9 Mr '65. (MTRA 18:10)

1. Institut problem lit'ya AN UkrSSR.

UL'YANOV, V.L., inzh.

Effect of modifiers on physicomechanical properties of cast
stone articles. Mashinostroenie no. 2:39-40 Mr-Ap '64.
(MIRA 17:5)

KATAYEV, S.I.; KURDOV, L.I.; KHROMOV, V.P.; UL'YANOV, V.N.; DROKHANOV, A.N.

Experimental electronic rear projection system in the Moscow
Television Center. Vest. sviazi 22 no.5:3-6 My '62.
(MIRA 15:5)

1. Sotrudniki kafedry televideniya Moskovskogo elektrotekhnicheskogo instituta svyazi.
(Moscow—Television stations--Electronic equipment)

UL'YANOV, V.N. (Ryazansk, Ryazanskoy oblasti, Krasnaya ul., d.21, kv.12)

Case of melorhoostosis in medical expertise practice. Ortop.
travm. protez. 24 no.7:60-61 Jl'63 (MIRA 17:2)

1. Iz khirurgicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. - zasluzhennyy deyatel' nauki prof. I.L.Fayerman) TSentral'nogo instituta ekspertizy trudosposobnosti i organizatsii truda invalidov (dir. - prof. D.I.Gritskevich).

L 28982-66 EWT(d)/FSS-2

ACC NR: AF6019140

SOURCE CODE: UR/0187/65/000/011/0062/0065

AUTHOR: Zubarev, Yu. B.; Ul'yanov, V. N.; Khromoy, B. P.

35
DORG: Moscow Electrical Engineering Institute of Communications (Moskovskiy elektro-
tekhnicheskiy institut svyazi)

TITLE: New form of synchrosignal for television systems

SOURCE: Tekhnika kino i televideniya, no. 11, 1965, 62-65

TOPIC TAGS: TV system, pulse signal

ABSTRACT: By reducing to 1-1.5 microseconds the length of the line scan synch signal, "space" during the flyback of the scan beam is created for a pulse-modulated sound signal. This simple change results in a reduction of the influence of the sound channel on the synch; reduction in 50 (or 60) cycle noise; increased noise-stability of sound channel, due to increased length of sound pulses. No change in the synch sections of presently produced TV sets is required. Orig. art. has: 7 figures. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 17 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 001

Card 1/1

BLG

UDC: 621.397.335

SEVER'YANOV, N.N., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; BERLIN, A.Ye.,
retsenzent; VOYTSEKHOVSKIY, G.A., retsenzent;
DAVYDOVA, Ye.A., retsenzent; ZIL'BERSHTEYN, Ya.Yu.,
retsenzent; KIRICHINSKIY, N.R., retsenzent; KLEPIKOV,
L.N., retsenzent; KUBYNIN, A.Ye., retsenzent; LEBEDEV,
V.V., retsenzent; MOROZOV, V.P., retsenzent; MOSKVIN,
V.B., retsenzent; MUSARSKIY, I.S., retsenzent; PODERNI,
Yu.S., retsenzent; SALIKOV, I.A., retsenzent; SUSHCHENKO,
A.A., retsenzent; TRET'YAKOV, K.M., retsenzent; ILYANOV,
V.P., retsenzent; TSVIRKO, P.P., retsenzent; TSOY, A.G.,
retsenzent; CHEL'TSOV, M.I., retsenzent; SHISHCHITS, G.N.,
retsenzent; DIDKOVSKIY, D.Z., otv. red.

[Handbook on the prospecting, planning, and construction
of strip mines] Spravochnik po izyskaniiam, proektirovaniyu
i stroitel'stvu kar'erov. Moskva, Nedra, 1964. 2 v.
(MIRA 18:2)

UL'yanov V.S.
6(4); 7(7); 9(3) P.2

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

sov/2665

Moscow. Aviationsionnyy institut imeni Sergo Ordzhonikidze

Issledovaniye tochnosti i pomekhoustoychivosti fazovykh radiopelelengatorov; sbornik statey (Study of the Accuracy and Noise Protection of Phase Radio Direction Finders; Collection of Articles) Leningrad, Sudpromgiz, 1959. 92 p. (Series: Its: Trudy, vyp. 105) Errata slip inserted. 4,500 copies printed.

Resp. Ed.: V.B. Pestryakov, Professor; Ed.: V.S. Chichkanova; Tech. Ed.: L.I. Levochkina.

PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for scientific personnel and engineers and graduate students specializing in phasing techniques.

COVERAGE: The collection deals with the theoretical investigation of the accuracy and of the noise-killing feature of certain types of phase radio direction finders of interest for modern radio navigation, radar, and radio control. An analysis of instrument errors of two types of radio direction finders is presented. Statistical phase properties of signals and

Card 1/7

Study of the Accuracy (Cont.)

sov/2665

of Gaussian errors in two-channel phase radio direction finders are investigated. Several graphs may be of use in engineering calculations. The articles are based on material from the proceedings of a conference organized by the Moscow Aviation Institute in February, 1956. The investigations were carried out by scientific personnel of the radio engineering department of the Institute. References follow each article.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Foreword

3

Ul'yanov, V.S., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Equipment Errors of a Two-channel Pulse Radio Direction Finder

6

The author analyzes equipment errors, occurring due to lack of identity between amplifying channels and the resulting unbalance, in two-channel radio direction finders using continuous and pulsed radio signals. He derives functional relationships for this unbalance with respect to amplitude and phase. He finds that unbalance can lead to a difference in the amplification factor modulus between channels of up to 44 percent. However, from experience it was found that obtaining a 20 percent amplifica-

Card 2/ 7

Study of the Accuracy (Cont.)

SOV/2665

tion balance of channels is not difficult. He then investigates the lack of balance between tuned amplifiers with a harmonic signal and draws curves of relationships for the systematic tuning error of the operator for various values of unbalance in one-stage and two-stage channels. The author also investigates channel unbalance for pulsed radio signals. In paragraph 3 diagrams of the modulus and phase of the voltage envelope at the output of one-and two-stage tuned amplifiers are presented and are used to determine the instantaneous magnitude of error at a given pulse moment. Curves showing the dependence of average error on pulse duration are also presented. The author concludes that with a pulse duration twice that of the optimal, error is practically equal to that with a continuous signal. With a shorter pulse duration, error declines. No personalities are mentioned. There are two references: 1 Soviet and 1 English.

Tsvetnov, V.V., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Effect of Gaussian Error on Two-channel Phase Systems

This article is a continuation of two earlier works by the author. In it he investigates basic statistical properties of sinusoidal signals and of Gaussian errors in phase systems with channel separation, taking into consideration the lack of identity between the channels and in error correlation.

26

Card 3/7

Study of the Accuracy (Cont.)

SOV/2665

Since noise-suppression methods in phase systems are comparatively scarce, the author attempts to develop a theory for random noise in order to develop a theory for random noise in order to develop noise-killing features in the phase systems themselves. The author divides his problem into three stages, the first of which is common for all phase systems. The two others must be solved separately for each system. The first stage consists in investigating statistical properties of the signal and of the Gaussian error at the phasometer input on the basis of initial statistical parameters of the signal and noise. The second stage consists in finding a relationship between the initial statistical parameters of signal and noise and the structure of the shaping channels, the mechanism of noise emergence, etc. The third stage takes into consideration the effect of the phasometer. On the basis of these three stages it is possible to determine the accuracy of the phase system. The author establishes his first phase distribution rule, which is expressed in parametric form in order to simplify final formulae. These formulae are developed for both symmetrical and asymmetrical two-channel systems. He draws several curves of error relationships and concludes that with the help of his general formula, it is possible to solve the first stage of the general problem of the noise-killing feature (analytically or graphically) for any two-channel system.

Card 4/7

Study of the Accuracy (Cont.)

SOV/2665

In Appendix A the author presents some derivations of integrals found in paragraphs 7 to 9 of his work. In Appendix B he lists properties and draws diagrams of the L-functions. No personalities are mentioned. There are 16 references: 7 Soviet (including 2 translations), and 9 English.

Veytsel', V.A., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Effect of Fluctuations of the Amplitude of the Reflected Signal on the Accuracy of Measuring the Width of a Beam of Scattered Waves

68

The author explains the role of the angular width of a beam of scattered waves in studying the composition of the ionosphere. In some of the works listed as references methods for measuring this parameter were presented. These methods concerned diversity effects in spaced-aerial reception of ionospheric waves. However, when they are applied, an error is introduced. The aim of this work consists in explaining to what extent this error is essential and under what conditions it can be neglected. The author concludes that in measuring the beam width one can neglect the correction for the effect of signal amplitude fading in the case when the power of the received signal considerably exceeds the threshold sensitivity of the direction finder. When the ratio of threshold to received power is small, the measurements obtained with the DF are somewhat smaller than actual.

Card 5/7

Study of the Accuracy (Cont.)

SOV/2665

No personalities are mentioned. There are 6 references: 5 Soviet, and 1 English.

Belavin, O.V., Candidate of Technical Sciences. Problem of Equipment Errors in Automatic Shortwave Radio Direction Finders With a Large Base ("Add-subtract" Radio Direction Finders With Phase Comparison)

74

The article is devoted to an analysis of instrument accuracy of a radio direction finder with channel separation, having single-channel amplification in the main channel. This direction finder was developed by the members of the radio department of the MAI and used from 1950 to 1954 for an analysis of statistical properties of the ionosphere. The author discusses the three basic methods of large-base radio direction finding: phase, amplitude, and amplitude-phase. He devotes his attention to the last type, presents its basic equations, finds the required accuracy in measuring phase differences, and determines and analyzes equipment errors. The methods used in accounting for instrument errors in the radio direction finder analyzed may be applied for designing other director finder variations operating with the "add-subtract" method and having a low frequency phase difference measurement. No personalities are mentioned. There are three references: 2 Soviet, and 1 German.

Card 6/7

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1

Study of the Accuracy (Cont.)

SOV/2665

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 7/7

JP/jb
1-18-60

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1"

UL'YANOV, V. S.

7(2, 7)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/2233

Belavin, Oleg Vasil'yevich, Viktor Abramovich Veytsel', and Vasiliy
Sergeevich Ul'yanov

Korotkovolnovyye radiopelengatory (Short-wave Radio Direction-
Finders) Moscow, Oborongiz, 1959. 123 p. (Series: Moscow.
Aviationsionnyyeinstitut imeni Sergo Ordzhonikidze) 11,500 copies
printed.

Ed.: S. I. Bumshteyn; Tech. Ed.: V. P. Rozhin; Managing Ed:
A. S. Zaymovskaya, Engineer.

PURPOSE: This book is a textbook for students of radio engineering.
It may also be used by engineers and graduate students working
in the field of short-wave radio direction-finding and phase
measurement.

COVERAGE: The authors describe basic methods of short-wave direction
finding and discuss block diagrams of direction finders with
antenna spacings larger than the wavelength. Special attention is
given to circuits of direction finders operating with continuous

Card 1/6

Short-wave Radio (Cont.)

SOV/2233

and pulse radio signals. The authors also discuss typical errors occurring during bearing measurement and present methods of improving the accuracy of direction finding. They also analyze various equipment errors and discuss methods of designing radio direction finders. They present the results of research on the analysis of errors of receiving channels and phase meters, conducted on laboratory models at the Moskovskiy Aviatsionnyy Institut (Moscow Aviation Institute). Chapter I was written by Docent O. V. Belavin, Candidate of Technical Sciences, Chapters II and VI by V. A. Veytsel', Candidate of Technical Sciences, and Chapters III, IV, V by V. S. Ul'yanov, Candidate of Technical Sciences. No personalities are mentioned. There are 19 references: 13 Soviet, 4 English and 2 German.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

Foreword

3

Card 2/6

Short-wave Radio (Cont.)

SOV/2233

Ch. I. Methods of Direction Finding and Block Diagrams of Radio Direction Finders With Antenna Spacings Larger Than the Wavelength	
1. Short-wave radio direction-finding systems	5
2. Radio direction finders with antenna spacings smaller than the wavelength	6
3. Radio direction finders with antenna spacings larger than the wavelength	7
4. Methods of direction finding Comparison of amplitudes	8
Slow rotation of a directional pattern	10
Fast rotation of a directional pattern	12
Measurement of phase difference (phase method)	14
5. Antennas for radio direction finders with antenna spacings larger than the wavelength	16
Single antennas	16
Antenna arrays	18
6. Methods of measuring phase difference	21
Methods of direct measurement	21
Compensation method of measurement	23
Methods of indirect measurement	27

Card 3/6

Short-wave Radio (Cont.)

SOV/2233

7.	Circuits for signal amplification in short-wave radio direction-finders with antenna spacings larger than the wavelength	30
	Single-channel amplification	31
	Single-channel amplification of two signals of slightly different frequencies	32
	Single-channel amplification with signal conversion by means of additional modulation	35
	Single-channel amplification with signal conversion by means of heterodyning	37
	Simple two-channel amplification	41
	Amplification obtained through utilization of control-frequency voltages	41
	Amplification in a circuit with a master oscillator	44
Ch. II.	Errors of Short-wave Radio Direction Finders Due to Conditions of Radio Wave Propagation	46
1.	Effect of ionosphere on radio wave propagation	46
2.	Bearing errors due to peculiarities of short-wave propagation	47

Card 4/6

Short-wave Radio (Cont.)

SOV/2233

3. Methods of reducing the amount of error due to interference	52
Ch. III. Effect of Channel Unbalance on Equipment Errors of Two-channel Radio Direction Finders	
1. Two types of two-channel amplification circuits	60
2. Errors in a series amplification circuit	60
3. Errors in a preamplification circuit	62
4. Errors of observation	67
	71
Ch. IV. Effect of Inequalities of Channel Parameters on Equipment Errors of Two-channel Radio Direction Finders	74
1. Parameters of nonidentical channels	74
2. Passband of a two-channel radio direction finder	78
3. Errors due to nonidentity of resonant amplifier channels	80
Ch. V. Equipment Errors of a Two-channel Radio Direction Finder During the Application of Pulse Radio Signals	88
1. Nature of the electron image on the tube screen during the application of a pulse signal	88

Card 5/6

Short-wave Radio (Cont.)

SOV/2233

2. Bearing reading during the application of a pulse signal	93
Ch. VI. Errors of Phase Meters Operating at Low Frequencies	
1. Selection of phase meter circuits	103
2. Phase meter with readings shown on the screen of a cathode-ray tube	103
3. Errors of a phase meter during variation of signal amplitude	104
4. Phase meter errors	109
5. Settling time of a phase meter	111
6. Operation of a phase meter acted upon by interference signals	114
Bibliography	117
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress	122

Card 6/6

JP/ajr
9-21-59

UL'YANOV, V.S.; SVIRDOVA, R.A.

Dissociation, dimerization, and distribution of dibutylphosphoric,
dihexylphosphoric, and dioctylphosphoric acids in the system
n-octane - 0.1 M NaClO₄ - HClO₄ solution. Radiokhimia 7 no.5:538-
544 '65. (MTRA 18:10)

21(1),5(2)

AUTHORS:

Laskorin, B. N., Ul'yanov, V. S., Sviridova, R. A.,
Arzhatkin, A. M., Yuzhin, A. I.

SOV/89-7-2-2/24

TITLE:

Sorption Methods of Separating Barium From Radium, Aluminum
From Gallium, and Zirconium From Hafnium (Sorbtsionnye metody
razdeleniya bariya i radiya, alyuminiya i galliya, tsirkoniya i
gafniya)

PERIODICAL:

Atomnaya energiya, 1959, Vol 7, Nr 2, pp 110-116 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

For the separation of elements chemically close to each other the chromatographical method was applied which due to its small capacity cannot be applied on an industrial scale. The efficiency of the method can be considerably increased by the use of an appropriate complexformer, which decreases the active concentration of the ions to be separated; this would mean in first approximation a decrease of the mass of the elements to be separated. The difference in the formation constants of the complex compounds increases the separation factor. It was established that for the separation of barium and radium citric acid, nitryltri- and ethylene diamine tetra acetic acid (EDTA) as eluating agents can be used with best results. The separation

Card 1/4

Sorption Methods of Separating Barium From Radium,
Aluminum From Gallium, and Zirconium From Hafnium

SOV/89-7-2-2/24

factor was determined for 9 different kationites solved in different acids. Maximum separation factors were achieved under the following conditions: 1) use of hydrochloric acid. Kationite KU-2 with 8% latticelike polymerization, granulation 100-200 mesh, operational temperature 90°. The acid concentration is increased in the course of the experiment from 0.5 to 5.0 m . Eluation speed 2 cm/min. Barium and radium are collected in the upper section of the column. The height of the kationite saturated with barium is 10% of the kationite's total height. 2) Use of citric acid. Kationite Ku-2 granulation 100-200 mesh, 5% citric acid ammonia with a pH value of 8.0 . Separation up to 20% of the kationite's total height. Eluation speed 2 cm/sec. The exact results are given in a diagram. 3) Use of EDTA. By this method, described somewhat more in detail, it is possible to separate the whole radium from 100 kg of barium with a total volume of the kationite of 0.5 m³. Volume of the liquids 8 m³. The efficiency of the developed method is 50 kg/h per m² of the cross section of the column. For the separation of 1 kg of barium 0.01 kg of EDTA, 1.50 kg sodium lye and 1.2 kg hydrochloric acid is needed.

Card 2/4

Sorption Methods of Separating Barium From Radium,
Aluminum From Gallium, and Zirconium From Hafnium

SOV/69-7-2-2/24

The separation of zirconium and hafnium is achieved by means of ion-exchanging resins and a mixture of sulfur- and fluor hydracid. The best conditions are: zirconium concentration 20-30 g/l, sulfuric acid 0.65-0.75 M, mol relation between fluor and zirconium 0.7-1.0, working out a column of 10% of the resin weight. Kationite KU-2, granulation 60-100 mesh, height of the sorbent layer 2-2.5 m, filtering velocity of the solutions 1.5-2 cm/min, achievable efficiency of 15-20 kg/h per m² of the cross section of the column. By using the described method 100 kg of hafnium-free zirconium was prepared. Separation of gallium from anodic alloys. The initial alloy is ground to 0.3 mm sized pieces and solved in hydrochloric acid. The copper in the solution is enriched with aluminum or iron shavings. The iron is simultaneously transferred into the bivalence state. The solution's acidity is being increased to 3.7 M and subsequently filtered through a layer of sorbent. The anionite is washed with 5 M of hydrochloric acid. The gallium is desorbed with 0.5 M hydrochloric acid, the solutions are neutralized with an alkali and the gallate electrolyzed

Card 3/4

Sorption Methods of Separating Barium From Radium,
Aluminum From Gallium, and Zirconium From Hafnium

SOV/89-7-2-2/24

to obtain metal gallium. Efficiency of the developed
installation: 50 kg/h gallium per m^2 of the cross section of
the column. There are 7 figures, 6 tables, and 10 references.

SUBMITTED: November 25, 1958

Card 4/4

S/830/62/000/001/009/012
EG79/E192

AUTHORS: Laskorin, B.N., Ul'yanov, V.S., and Sviridova, R.A.
TITLE: Extracting properties of alkylphosphoric acids
SOURCE: Ekstraktsiya; teoriya, primeneniye, apparatura.
Ed. by A.P. Zefirov and N.M. Senyavin.
Moscow, Gosatomizdat, 1962. 171-187

TEXT: The results of investigations on the extraction of uranium from solutions of various compositions are given. The following compounds were used as extracting agents: mono(2-ethylhexyl)-phosphoric acid (M2EHPA); di(2-ethylhexyl)-phosphoric acid (D2EHPA); and di(2-ethylhexyl)pyrophosphoric acid (D2EHPPA); as well as their mixtures with tributylphosphoric acid (TBP); di-isoamyl ester of methylphosphonic acid (DAMPA); and tributylphosphinoxide (TBPO). These compounds were chosen as being typical for the whole class of long-chain acid alkylphosphates and 2-ethylhexanol as one of the most easily available alcohols. The synthesis of the extracting agents is described. The solubility in 1M Na_2CO_3 and 1M H_2SO_4 and losses (due to incomplete separation

Card 1/3

Extracting properties of ...

S/830/62/000/001/009/012
E079/E192

of phases) of (2-ethylhexyl)phosphonic acids (used as 0.1M solutions in kerosene) were also determined. An addition to the organic phase of TBP or other neutral phosphoroorganic compounds or highmolecular alcohols sharply decreases the solubility of the extracting agents. It is concluded that the use of M2EHPA is uneconomic due to its high solubility losses (4 g/litre). Under industrial conditions monoalkylphosphoric acids with a larger radical (C_{12} and above) should be used. Total losses of D2EHPPA (80-100 mg/litre) and of D2EHPA - 20-35 mg/litre. On the addition of TBP or an alcohol, losses due to solubility can be reduced to 3-10 mg/litre and the consumption of the two reagents is mainly due to incomplete separation of phases. Studies of the extractive properties of the reagents indicated that: monoalkylphosphoric acids can be used for the separation of hexavalent uranium from phosphoric acid solutions with a concentration not exceeding 0.8M and sulphuric acid solutions with a concentration of up to 4M. On extraction of uranium from salts of the corresponding acids the distribution coefficients are considerably higher. Tetravalent uranium is better extractable than the hexavalent.

Card 2/3

Extracting properties of ...

S/830/62/000/001/009/012
E079/E192

D₂EHPA in mixture with the neutral reagents can be utilised for the extraction of uranium from most industrial solutions. If the solution contains a considerable amount of complex forming anions additions of trioctylphosphinoxide (TOPO) are necessary for "lighter" solutions - TBP or DAMPA should be added. The re-extraction can be effected by treating the extract with a soda solution or better with ammonium carbonate. Both hexa- and tetravalent uranium are extracted with D₂EHPA with high distribution coefficients. The main deficiency of D₂EHPA lies in its tendency to hydrolysis, causing large losses of the substance. The extraction of iron and other elements with acid alkylphosphates is also discussed. Other elements, and particularly iron, lead to some difficulties in the application of the extracting agents, but mixtures of D₂EHPA with TBP, DAMPA, TOPO are sufficiently selective in respect of uranium.

There are 19 figures and 2 tables.

Card 3/3

LASKORIN, B.N.; UL'YANOV, V.S.; SVIRIDOVА, R.A.

Extraction of molybdenum and tungsten from aqueous solutions.
Zhur.prikl.khim. 35 no.11:2409-2414 N '62. (MIRA 15:12)
(Molybdenum—Analysis) (Tungsten—Analysis)

UL'YANOV, V.S.; SVIRILOVA, R.A.

Dissociation, dimerization, and distribution of di(2-ethylhexyl)
phosphoric acid in the system octane- O, 1 M solution of NaClO₄-HNO₄.
Radiokhimiia 5 no.4:419-424 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

(Phosphoric acid) (Extraction (Chemistry))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1

LASKORIN, B.N.; UL'YANOV, V.S.; SVIRIDOVА, R.A.

Extraction of vanadium by triethylamine and di-(2-ethylhexyl)
phosphoric acid. Zhur. prikl. khim. 38 no.5:1133-1136 My '65.
(MIRA 18:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1"

AUTHORS:

Pargamanik, L. E., Ul'yanov, V. V.

SOV/56-35-1-36/59

TITLE:

On the Theory of the Interaction Between Fast Neutrons
Different Angular Momenta and Semitransparent Nuclei
(K teorii vzaimodeystviya bystrykh neytronov s razlichnymi
momentami s poluprozrachnymi yadrami)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1958,
Vol. 35, Nr 1, pp. 258-264 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

A number of papers has recently been published (Refs 1 - 4) which deal with the theory of the scattering of particles on nuclei and which operate with the model of the complex potential well. The dependence of σ' on E was investigated for high as well as for low neutron energies in the interaction of nuclei; this was done for moments $\ell \leq kR/2$; Drozdov (Ref 3), however, investigated the absorption cross section of fast neutrons by using the semiclassical method developed by Petrashev' (Ref 6) for $\ell \sim kR$, inspite of the fact that this method gives satisfactory results only for $\ell < kR$. (However, integration is cut off at $\ell = kR-1/2$ during calculation of the cross sections). The present paper also investigates the case of $\ell \sim kR$. The paper is divided into the following

Card 1/3

On the Theory of the Interaction Between Fast
Neutrons With Different Angular Momenta and Semitransparent Nuclei

SOV/56-35-1-36/59

3 sections: 1) for the domain of small momenta ($\ell < x$) with an ansatz for the interaction energy $U(r) = -V - iW$ at $r \leq R$ and $U(r) = 0$ at $r > R$, 2) for the domain of transition with $\ell \sim x$, and, finally, 3) scattering- and absorption cross sections are dealt with. The square-well nuclear model serves as a basis for theoretical deliberations; for the approximation of the expressions for partial cross sections special asymptotic formulae for Bessel functions are used, which are applicable to the entire domain of the angular momentum. In this way the waves with $\ell \sim kR$ are dealt with with greater accuracy than is possible in classical approximation. The corrections of the integral absorption- and scattering cross sections derived here are appreciable at high and low effective absorption. In conclusion, the authors thank A.I. Akhiyezer for discussing results.

There are 3 figures and 8 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Khar'kov State
Card 2/3 University)

UL'YANOV, Ye.F., polkovnik med. sluzhby

Conference on medical supervision of physical education and exercise
therapy. Voen. med. zhur. no.3:94-95 Mr '58. (MIRA 12:7)
(PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING, MILITARY)
(EXERCISE THERAPY)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1

MIROTVORTSEV, Yu.K., polkovnik meditsinskoy sluzhby; UL'YANOV, Ye.F.
polkovnik meditsinskoy sluzhby.

Twelfth International Congress on Sports Medicine. Voen.-med.
zhur.no.8:93-96 Ag'58. (MIRA 16:7)
(SPORTS MEDICINE--CONGRESSES)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1"

SVIRSKIY, Yuliy Il'ich; UL'YANOV, Yuriy Aleksandrovich; MEL'NIKOVA,
Zh.E., red.

[Machines under the earth] Mashiny pod zemlej. Moskva,
Izd-vo "Znanie," 1964. 31 p. (Novoe v zhizni, nauke,
tekhnike. IV Seriya: Tekhnika, no.16) (MIRA 17:10)

UL'YANOV, Yu.V.

Some problems of the methods of geochemical investigations of rocks
as revealed by the studies in the Altai. Trudy Alt.GMNII AN
Kazakh.SSR 12:64-69 '62. (MIRA 15:8)
(Altai Mountains--Rocks--Analysis)

UL'YANOVA, A., inzhener.

Obtaining increased strength concretes for ordinary cement. Stroi.
mat., izdel.i konstr. 1 no. 12:27-28 D '55. (MLRA 9:?)
(Concrete)

15-57-5-6558

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geologiya, 1957, Nr 5,
p 122 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Ul'yanova, A.

TITLE: The Production of High-Strength Stiff Concrete
(Polucheniye vysokoprochnykh zhestkikh betonov)

PERIODICAL: Stroit. materialy, izdeliya i konstruktsii, 1956,
Nr 9, p 31
vL.2

ABSTRACT: By using a stiff mixture with a low water-cement ratio
and a longer time of vibration, one may obtain concrete
that has a strength 1.5 times as great as neat portland
cement. Blending of cement up to the optimum thinness
leads to an increase in strength of concrete after it
is 28 days old up to 10 to 30 percent. Its rate of
hardening is also greatly accelerated. Autoclave
treatment of concrete and reinforced concrete products
may diminish the cement requirement because of the

Card 1/2

15-57-5-6558

The Production of High-Strength Stiff Concrete (Cont.)

blending. Thirty percent of the portland cement may be replaced by finely ground siliceous additions, quartz sand, etc. In this process, the strength of the concrete becomes 2.5 times as great as neat cement.

Card 2/2

V. P. Ye.

Ul'yanova, A.

USSR Chemical Technology. Chemical Products
and Their Application

I-12

Silicates. Glass. Ceramics. Binders.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1957, 31664

Author : Ul'yanova A.

Title : Preparation of High-Strength Rigid Concrete

Orig Pub: Stroit. materialy, izdeliya i konstruktsii, 1956,
No 9, 31

Abstract: To produce high-strength concrete it is necessary
to use stiff concrete mixes of low Water/Cement,
resort to regrinding of cement, utilize auto-
clave treatment of concrete and reinforced con-
crete articles with a replacement of 30% of the
cement by finely ground silica-containing addi-
tions.

Card 1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1

ULYANOVA, A.

L. YA. BRYUSOVA, Sintezы Dushistykh Veshchestv. Sbornik Statei 1939,
165-77

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001857920017-1"

UL'YANOVA, A. i TITIYEVSKIY, D.

Advances to specialized collective farms. Den. 1 kred. 20
no.9:57-59 S '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Upravlyayushchiy Litinskim otdeleniyem Gosbanka (for Ul'yanova.)
(Litin District--Agricultural credit)

ULYANOVA, A. A. and KUTSHAK, E. N.

Hosp. of nerv. Dis., med. Inst. of Stalinabad. *Change in electrical conductivity of the human skin during ontogenesis (Russian text) FIZIOL. ZHURN. SSSR 1954, 40/1 (82-85) Graphs 2

The electrical conductivity of the skin varies widely within each age group (total 247 subjects), but in general is lowest in infants, increases to a maximum between 7 and 20 yr. and declines with greater age. Simonson - Minneapolis

SO: Excerpta Medica - Section II, Vol. 7, No. 12.

UL'YANOVA, A.D.; ZOLOTOVERKHII, I.D., otv.red.; SHTOL'SHTEYN, Ya.M.,
red.; SHVEDOV, L.M., tekhnred.

[What to read on the uses of natural gas in industry, automobile transportation, municipal economy, home appliances, and on pipeline operations] Chto chitat' ob ispol'zovaniii pri-
rodnogo gaza v promyshlennosti, avtotransporte, kommunal'nom
khoziaistve, v bytu i ob eksploatacii gazoprovodov. Kiev, 1948.
20 p. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Akademiya nauk USSR, Kiyev. Biblioteka. 2. Glavnnyy bibli-
ograf Biblioteki Akademii nauk USSR (for Ul'yanova). 3. Glavnnyy
inzhener tresta "Kiyevgas" (for Shtol'shteyn).
(Bibliography--Gas, Natural)

STETSYUK, G.I. [Stetsiuk, H.I.]; UL'YANOVA, A.D.; DANILEVSKIY, V.V.,
akademik, red.; LIMMER, E.P., bibliogr.red.; ZIL'BAN, M.S.,
red.izd-va; RAKHIMA, N.P., tekhn.red.

[History of technology; a bibliography of literature published in
the Ukraine from 1946 to 1955] Istoryia tekhniki; bibliografichnyi
pokazhchik literatury, shcho vyishla na Ukraini v 1946-1955 rr.
Pid red. V.V.Danylevs'koho. Kyiv, Vyd-vo Akad.nauk URSR, 1959.
(MIRA 12:10)
96 p.

1. Akademiya nauk USSR. Kiyev. Biblioteka. 2. AN USSR (for Danilevskiy).
(Bibliography--Ukraine--Technology)
(Ukraine--Bibliography--Technology)

UL'YANOVA, A.D., inzhener; VETHOV, Yu.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk,
otvetstvennyy redaktor.

[New techniques in constructing hydraulic structures; bibliography]
Novaia tekhnika na stroitel'stve gidrotekhnicheskikh sooruzhenii;
bibliograficheskii ukazatel'. Kiev, Izd-vo Akad. nauk USSR, 1954.
36 p. (MLRA 8:2)

1. Kiyev. Derzhavna publichna biblioteka URSSR.
(Bibliography--Hydraulic engineering)

UL'YANOVA, A.D.

STETSYUK, G.I., inzhener; UL'YANOVA, A.D.

[Rapid metal cutting with V.A.Kolesov large feed method; a bibliography] Skorostnoe rezanie metallov s bol'shimi po-dachami po metodu V.A.Kolesova; bibliograficheskii ukazatel'. Kiev, 1954. 40 p. (MLRA 9:2)

1. Akademiya nauk URSR, Kiev. Biblioteka.
(Bibliography--Metal cutting)

UL'YANOVA, A.D., inzhener; DONCHAK, V.S., otvetstvennyy redaktor; ZIL'BAN,
M.S., redaktor; BAKHINA, N.P., tekhnicheskii redaktor.

[Progressive practice of innovator metal workers; bibliographic
index] Peredovoi opyt novatorov-metallurgov; bibliograficheskii
ukazatel'. Kiev, Izd-vo Akademii nauk Ukrainskoj SSR, 1954. 50 p.
(MLRA 8:2)

1. Kiyev. Derzhavna publichna biblioteka.
(Bibliography--Metal industries)

UL'YANOVA, A.D.; SOLYANIK, M., red.; LYAMKIN, V., tekhn.red.

[Technological progress during the seven-year plan; bibliography]
Tekhnichnyi progres u semyrichtsi; pokazhchik literatury. Kyiv,
Derzh.vyd-vo politlit-ry URSR, 1959. 36 p. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Glavnny bibliograf Gosudarstvennoy publichnoy biblioteki Akademii
nauk USSR (for Ul'yanova).
(Bibliography--Russia--Industries)
(Russia--Industries--Bibliography)

UL'YANOVA, Antonina Dmitriyevna; PAVLOVA, Varvara Vasil'yevna;
KUKHARENKO, L.I., doktor ekonom. nauk, prof., red.;
KADASHEVICH, O.O.[Kadashevych, O.O.], tekhn. red.

[Development of electrification in the Ukrainian S.S.R.; a
bibliographical index] Rozvytok elektryfikatsii Ukrains'koi
RSR; bibliografichnyi pokazhchyk. Pid red. L.I.Kukharenko.
Kyiv, Vyd-vo Akad. nauk UkrSSR, 1962. 158 p. (MIRA 15:7)
(Ukraine—Electrification—Bibliography)
(Bibliography—Ukraine—Electrification)

KOVALENKO, Yekaterina Yeliferovna; UL'YANOVA, Antonina Dmitriyevna;
KARP, I.M., kand. tekhn.nauk, red.; LEVBERG, Z.M. [Levberh, Z.M.], red.
izd-va; RAKHLINA, N.P., tekhn. red.

[Natural fuel gases of the Ukrainian S.S.R. and their uses;
a bibliographic index for 1917-1961] Pryrodni horiuchi gazy Ukrains'-
koi RSR ta vykorystannia (1917-1961 rr); bibliografichnyi pokazchuk.
Za red. I.M.Karpa. Kyiv, Vyd-vo AN Ukr.RSR, 1963. 287 p.
(MIRA 16:9)

(Bibliography--Ukraine--Gas, Natural)
(Ukraine--Gas, Natural--Bibliography)